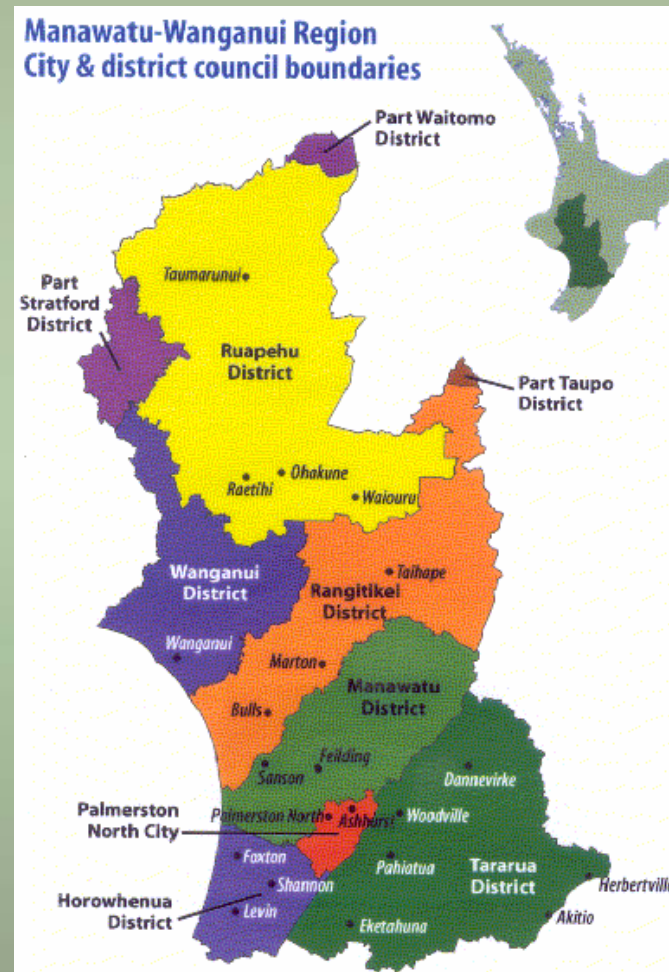


Integrated Catchment Management (ICM) Workshop - Tools



Tools & Approaches for ICM 1

Process Tools

- ICM process – linked with council & communities
- ICM plans – linked with RMA processes
- Influence Matrix for whole system planning
- Questionnaires & surveys

Tools & Approaches for ICM 2

Information Tools

- Define a minimum dataset for ICM
- Metadata: what do we know already?
- Website, eg. <http://icm.landcareresearch.co.nz/>
- Monitoring & indicators
- Knowledge management tools: databases, GIS
- Integrated Systems for Knowledge Management (ISKM)
- ICM Toolkit



Tools & Approaches for ICM 3

Collaboration Tools

- Collaborative learning groups
- ICM committees/ Landcare groups
- Human Technology for Integration
- Community Reference Group
- Sector Reference Group
- Iwi relationship building and involvement
- Annual ICM Meeting



Tools & Approaches for ICM 4

Biophysical Tools

- Riparian management
- Environmental Management Systems
- Resource allocation limits – water, gravel, coastal space
- River & land management actions
- System dynamic modelling (IDEAS)
- Mechanistic biophysical models – hydrology, sediment flux, coastal circulation, hydraulics



Whole-system modelling for sustainability assessment

- A rapid assessment Ecosystem Services methodology can identify priorities for action
- It can predict what will happen if we intervene

Community Reference Group's Goal Statement:

The residents of the Motueka Catchment want to manage their Catchment so as to ensure they continue to enjoy ... a safe place to play and live, its pristine character and beauty, its identity, economic and ecological balance, its economic viability for business development, its exceptional climate, biological, community and landscape diversity & coastal integrity.



Manaaki Whenua
Landcare Research

Influence Matrix

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------|---|----------|---------|----------|---------|--------|----------|--------------|------------|----------|--|--|
| | | ... on these factors. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| The effect of these factors on... | Groups | Factors | Forestry | Farming | Sediment | Nitrate | Profit | Cashflow | Qual of life | Com health | Col sums | How these factors affect other factors. | |
| | Ecological | Forestry | -- | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Farming | 2 | -- | 4 | 5 | 6 | 5 | 3 | 3 | 28 | | |
| | | Sediment | | 4 | -- | | | | | | | | |
| | | Nitrate | | 2 | | -- | | | | | | | |
| | Economic | Profit | | 6 | | | -- | | | | | | |
| | | Cashflow | | 5 | | | | -- | | | | | |
| | Social | Qual of life | | 4 | | | | | -- | | | | |
| | | Com health | | 0 | | | | | | -- | | | |
| | | | Row sums | | 21 | | | | | | | | |
| | | How these factors are affected by other factors. | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Scoring: 0 = none 1 = trace 2 = weak 3 = modest 4 = strong 5 = substantial 6 = dominant | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

iMatrix Results for the Motueka Catchment

Critical Factors for Sustainability

- primary industries,
- water quality and supply
- policy-plans-rules-legislation

Factors changing the catchment:

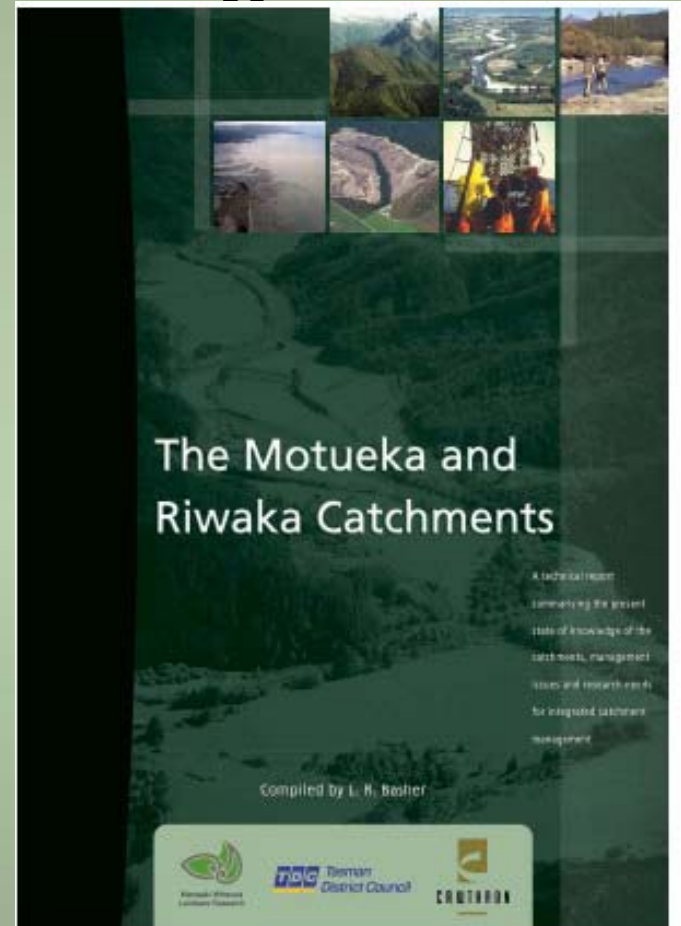
- climate variability,
- non-local influences, e.g. exchange and interest rates
- social institutions

Influences on Wellbeing in the Catchment:

- human health, property values, service industries, families, community services, and tourism

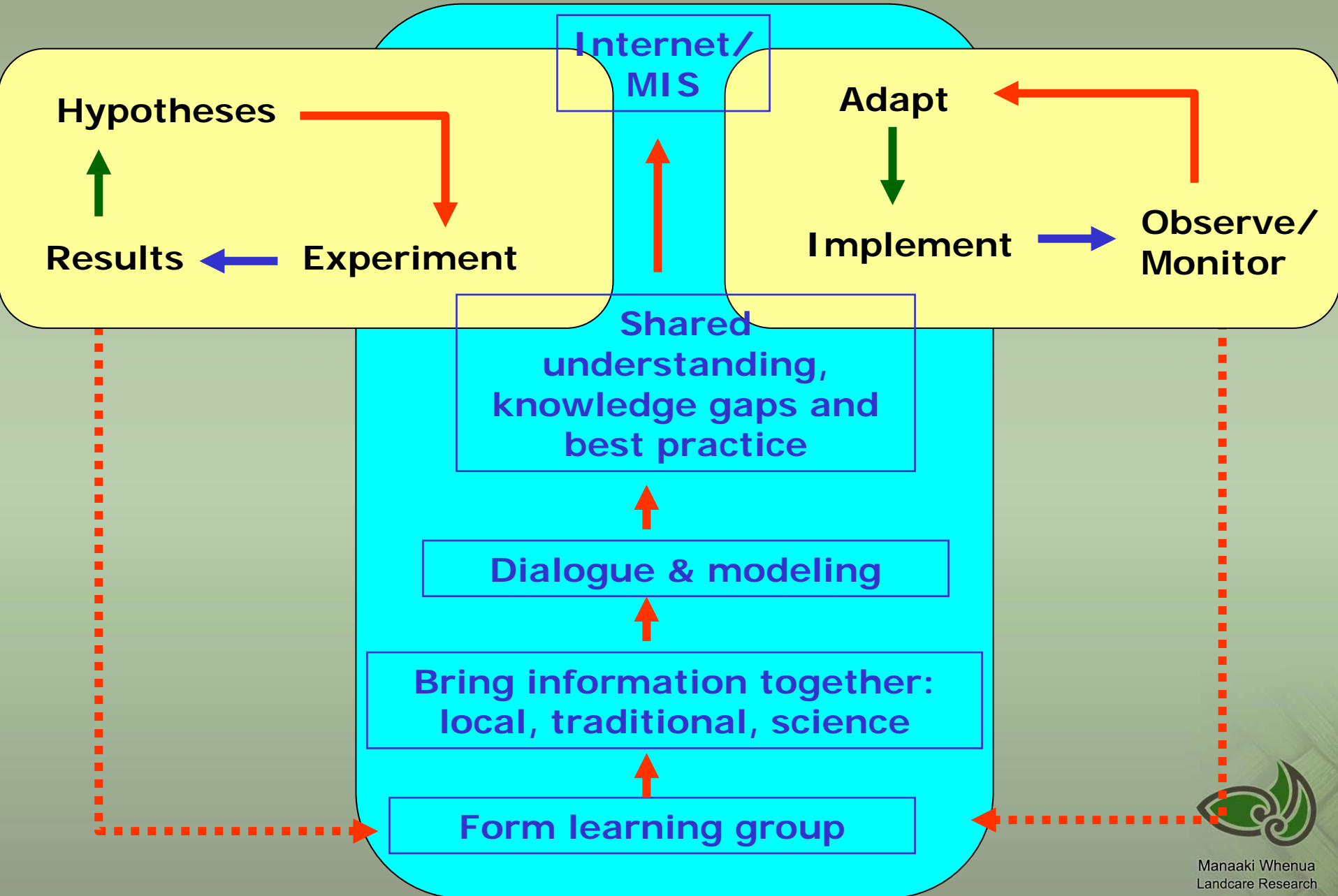


Examples of Successes – Information exchange

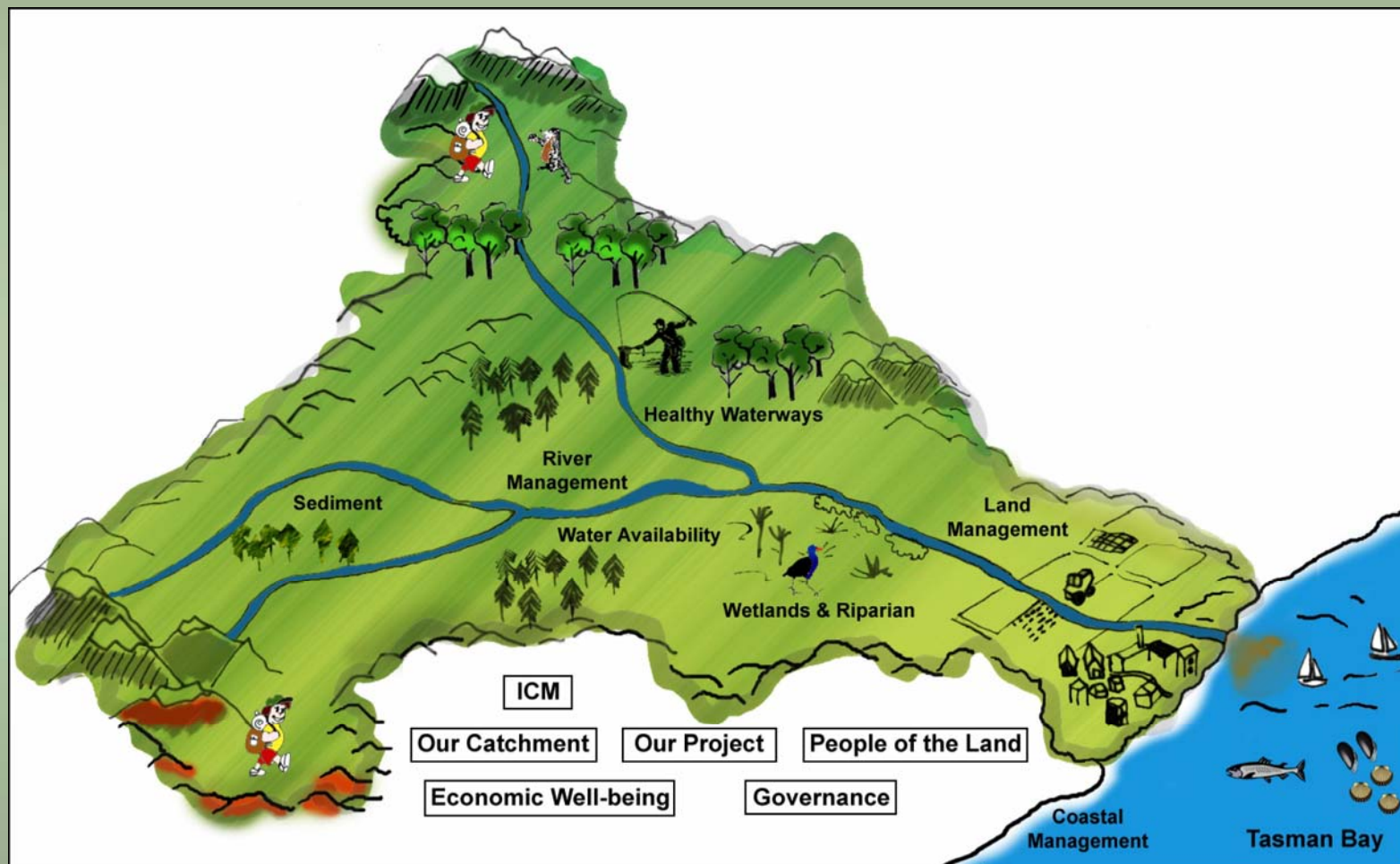


RESEARCH CYCLE

MNGMNT/POLICY CYCLE



Motueka catchment CD-ROM



Manaaki Whenua
Landcare Research

Iwi Role in ICM

Examples

- Assessment of iwi environmental monitoring approaches:
 - Cultural site evaluation
 - Contaminated site monitoring protocols
 - MfE Maori indicators
 - ICM monitoring techniques for iwi
- Collaborative learning guidelines for communities including iwi groups
- Develop Iwi Information Systems for environmental management



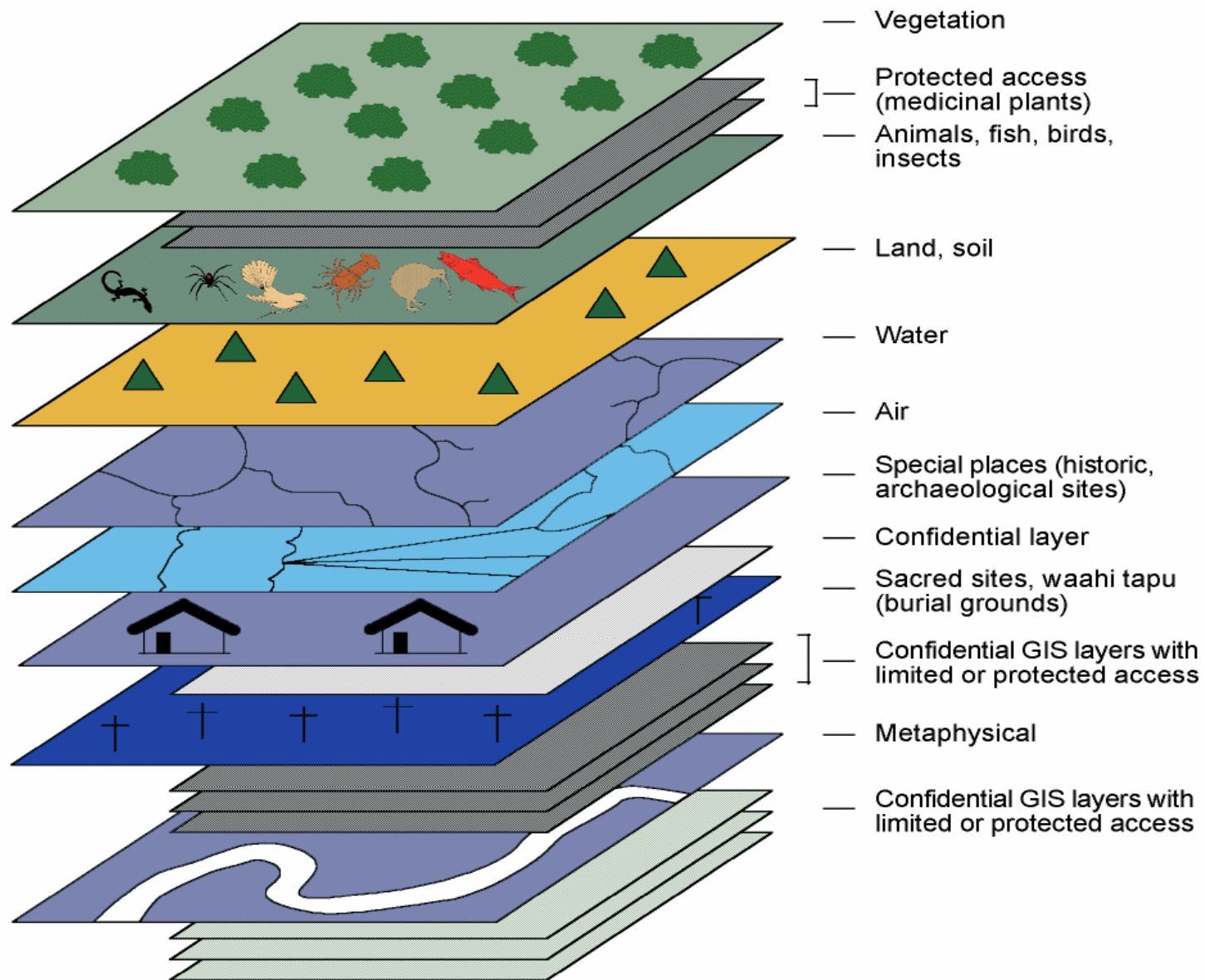


Figure 1: GIS layers and confidential sub-layers



icm.landcareresearch.co.nz

INTEGRATED CATCHMENT MANAGEMENT
for the *Motueka River*
• ridge tops to the sea •

Home Page

HOME ABOUT WHAT'S NEW WHAT'S ON SEARCH CONTACT US PROJECT STAFFROOM

This web site is about the ICM Motueka Programme. Its purpose is to provide information resources relevant to project participants and to the stakeholders of the Motueka River catchment. The site is a collaborative venture between a number of organisations. Please read about our site.

The Motueka River catchment is a Global [HELP](#) Catchment.

Our Site

General information about the site, the ICM Motueka project, and its purpose - includes site map.

Our Catchment

Overview of the Motueka River catchment - includes virtual field trips.

Our Science

Outlines the research being conducted in the catchment.

Science Quick Links ▾

Site kindly hosted by Landcare Research





Announcements

NEW 10/12/02 [Recent conference abstracts added](#)

NEW 10/12/02 [HELP conference in Kalmar Sweden 2002](#)

06/11/02 [2002-03 overview & progress](#)

Hot Topics

Current events and notable happenings from the Programme Leader.

Project Staff Room

(Available only for programme participants).

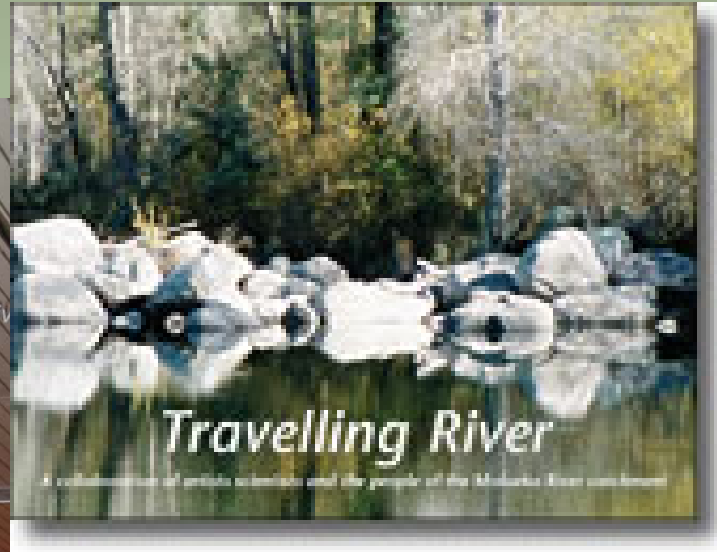
Library of Resources

Includes reports, fact sheets, images, maps, and other resources.

Library Quick Links ▾

To receive email notice of events and research findings please join our ICM Motueka [discussion group](#)

Travelling River Art-Science Collaboration



TDC Tasman District Council

Environmental AWARDS 2004

Cultural Heritage Award

Winner

Travelling River Exhibition

The Travelling River Exhibition has been named the winner of the Tasman District Council's Cultural Heritage Environmental Award, in recognition of the enormous contribution the exhibition has made to promote the cultural heritage and environmental significance of the Motueka River Catchment.

The collection incorporated the work, vision and stories of artists, scientists and the people of the Motueka River Catchment in an innovative and accessible way. Bringing the exhibition together drew all areas of the community into a discussion of what the river meant to them.

The beauty of the Travelling River art-science exhibition is that it crosses cultural and social boundaries; giving equal consideration to the thoughts and views of the many sectors of the Motueka community.

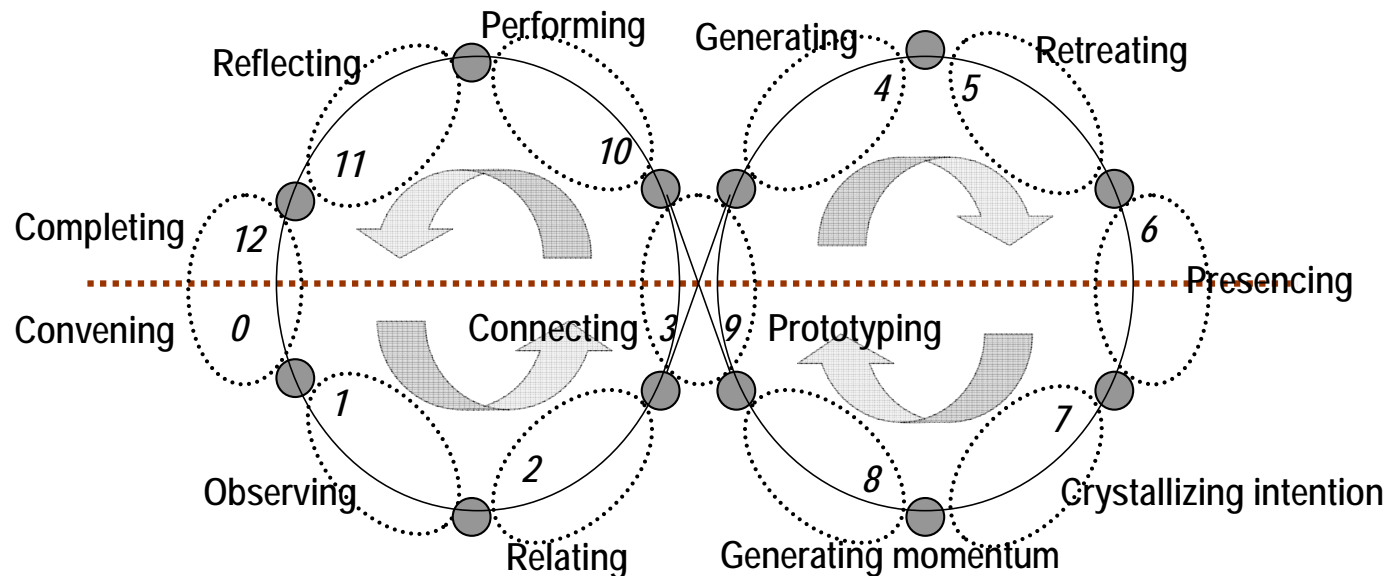
We applaud the vision of Landcare Research and the exhibition curators Andrew Fenemor, Maggie Atkinson and Suzie Peacock in bringing alive life and science in the Motueka River catchment.

Therefore the Tasman District Council and Judges of this category would like to congratulate all of the exhibition coordinators, the many contributors to the project, including artists, scientists, iwi and the greater community for sharing what the Motueka River Catchment has meant to them and how this compares with modern use and management.

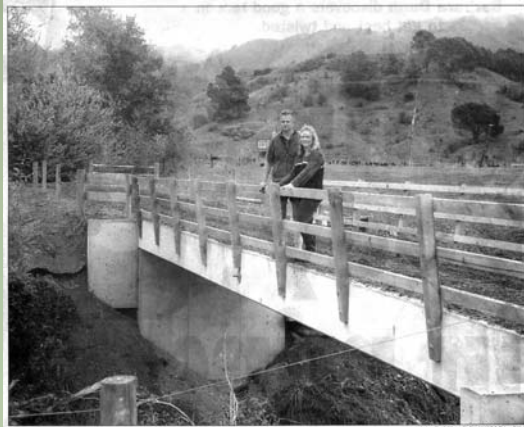


Human Technology of Integration

Twelve stage cycle



Examples of Successes – Water



SPANNED: Frank and Lisa White on their new \$50,000 stock bridge across the Sherry River.

Bridge over troubled waters

By Helen Murdoch

Tasman's opening of a \$50,000 stock bridge across the Sherry River marks the start of a combined project between farmers and the Tasman District Council to improve the river's health.

Dairy farmers Frank and Lisa White commissioned the concrete span bridge from Taha Construction to provide permanent access to 27ha of their 27ha farm.

Mr White said their 20-cow herd would no longer have to tackle the slippery steep-banked ford twice a day and the river would not cut off access to valuable grazing when it was in flood.

Building the bridge has always been part of the farm plan, Mr White said.

The couple have owned the farm for about 15 years.

Mr White said the cows used to slip, fall and bump each other when they went across the ford.

Doing river work had also led to stock being maimed in the paddocks away from the milking shed.

Mr White said the Tasman District Council had helped with the project and waived resource consent and building consent fees.

The river was the subject of the first known natural scientific study on the effect of cows crossing a waterway to and from milking.

The study, which included the use of video cameras, gradually illustrated the natural tendency of stock to defecate in water (17 times more likely than elsewhere), and the resulting high bacteria levels.

Consent policy planner, Martin Worke said the Whites' bridge was an example of farmers taking positive action to protect the environment.

Water quality monitoring of the river in 2000 had identified high bacterial counts.

Fish and Game had previously raised

concern about the health of the river before the integrated catchment project.

This involved the Tasman District Council, Fish and Game, and the Department of Conservation.

The impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

the impact of the project was

Water order praised

Fourteen years of negotiation over

By Bernadette Cooney

A decision to place a water conservation order on parts of the Motueka River has been applauded by Nelson Marlborough Fish and Game.

The order, supported by Environment Min-

Ward, said from Auckland today he was pleased to hear the order had finally been granted after 14 years of negotiation.

"There's quite a level of personal satisfaction in seeing this come to pass," he said.

"I congratulate Fish and Game and Nelson anglers for their dedication and ability to work through the issues, which certainly created a lot of misunderstanding early on. People thought we wanted to lock the river up and throw away the key."

Conservation Minister through Fish and

Game, said the order would allow

the river to be kept in its natural

state.

"The Motueka River has many outstanding

characteristics, including the scientifically

important karst geological formations,

blue duck habitats and brown trout fish-

eries," she said.

"It is important that these characteristics

and the river's other natural features are

protected by the conservation order."

Farmers and scientists join up to sweeten the Sherry River

While farmers are frequently criticised for the effects of dairying on the environment, positive developments are often ignored. Simon Towle reports on work along the Sherry River in Tasman District, where farmers have joined forces with scientists and the district council.

Dairy farmers have traditionally locked horns both with local councils and Fish and Game New Zealand for contaminating the country's natural waterways. However, compelling science has now persuaded farmers in Tasman District to invest considerable effort and money to clean up the Sherry River in a case that could prove a model example for the rest of the country.

Even long-time dairy-dairying campaigner Bryce Johnson, director of Fish and Game, enthusiastically describes the project as "a model success" for the environment.



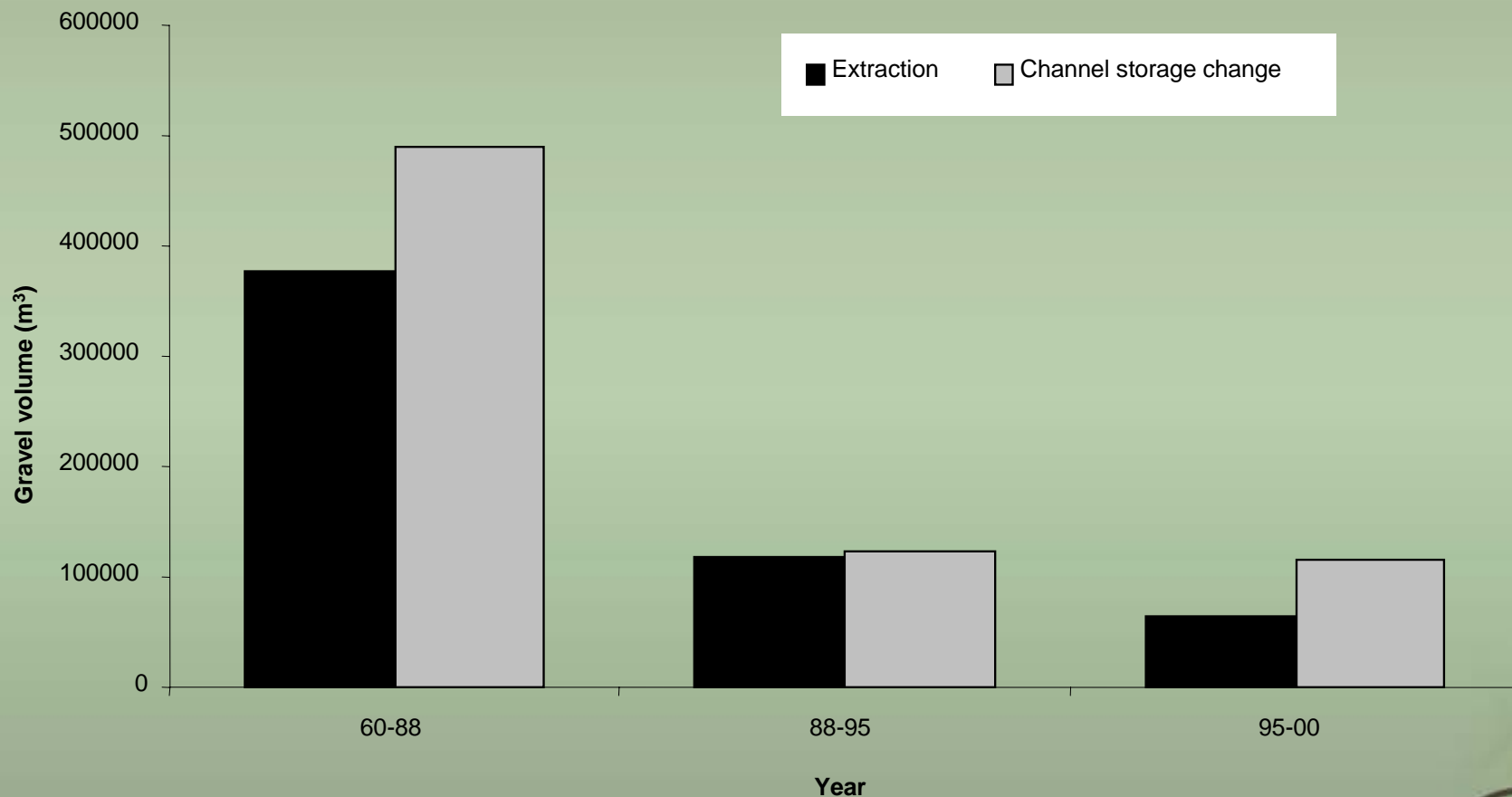
new information in December 2001, "the Sherry farmers undertook to take action. In a short period of time, the crossing on Frank and Lisa White's property where the experiment was carried out has now been bridged. In addition, another farmer, Rod O'Connell, is using a bridge instead of taking through the river."

He says two other bridges are in the planning stages and substantial funding is being sought to keep stock out of the river. Tasman District Council assistance is also being sought.



Manaaki Whenua
Landcare Research

Comparison of gravel storage changes and gravel extraction

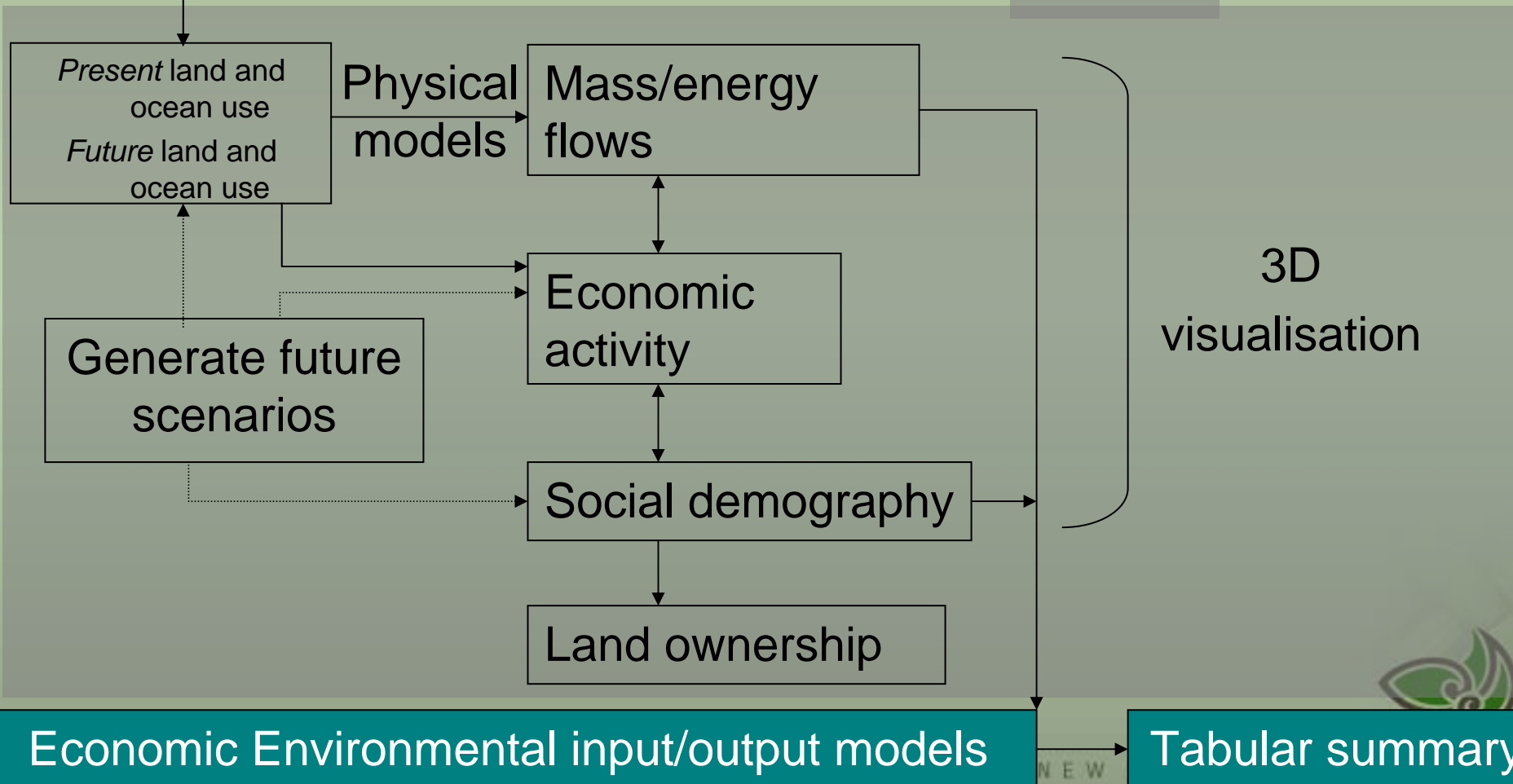


Dynamic assessment of catchment scenarios



Satellite imaging

G.I.S



ICM as a process

